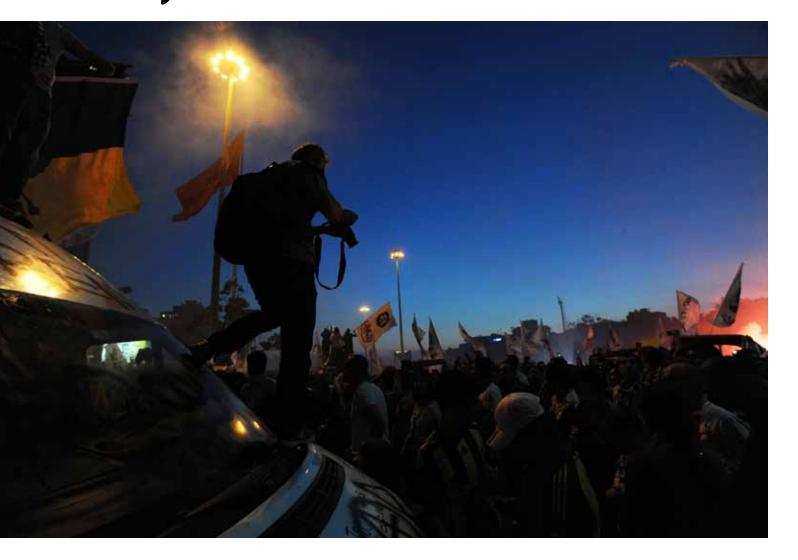


CPJ ANNUAL REPORT 2013



A photographer stands on a vehicle to capture a massive demonstration in Istanbul on June 8, as nationwide protests gather force. Unrest began in late May over plans to cut down trees in Istanbul's Gezi Park, and eventually grew to include wider demands for freedom of assembly and freedom of expression.

PHOTOGRAPH BY SCOTT PETERSON/GETTY IMAGES

THERE HAS NEVER BEEN A MORE DANGEROUS TIME FOR JOURNALISTS, WITH RECORD NUMBERS KILLED AND IMPRISONED AROUND THE WORLD. NEW TECHNOLOGIES ENABLE CENSORSHIP AND SURVEILLANCE ON AN UNPRECEDENTED SCALE—EVEN AS THEY EMPOWER EXPONENTIALLY MORE PEOPLE TO COMMIT ACTS OF JOURNALISM.

Syria provides a stark example of the new challenges, with 52 journalists killed for their reporting on the conflict to date. Ninety percent of those journalists were locals, including large numbers of citizen journalists. More than 70 Syrian journalists have been forced into exile since the conflict began in 2011.

In September, I joined an emergency meeting in Istanbul convened by CPJ to improve aid to Syrian journalists. Local journalists in Syria are literally serving as the eyes and ears of the world, yet feel largely abandoned by the international community. We are leading a joint initiative to support journalists at risk and share practical advice, including on security issues.

We also confronted an evolving crisis in Turkey, the world's leading jailer of journalists in 2012. This year, things got even worse as journalists covering anti-government protests became frequent targets of police abuse. Dozens of journalists were fired or forced to resign for their critical reporting. CPJ drew international attention to the crackdown and raised the political costs of repression. Our advocacy contributed to the release of at least 10 journalists this year.

In October, CPJ issued its first-ever comprehensive report on the state of press freedom in the United States. The report examines the impact of the U.S. administration's aggressive war on leaks and widespread surveillance. Leading journalists described to us a pervasive chilling effect on reporters and their sources. We are hearing from international colleagues about the far-reaching implications of these actions—especially for journalists working in closed societies who had looked to the U.S. as a model for upholding freedom of the press.

We all have a stake in ensuring that freedom of expression is broadly defended and preserved, the world over. Thanks to all of you who have supported us over the years. We hope that many more of you will join us in the fight to defend brave journalists and keep the information space open for all.

Sincerely,

Joel Simon Executive Director

CPJ PROMOTES PRESS FREEDOM WORLDWIDE AND DEFENDS THE RIGHT OF JOURNALISTS TO REPORT THE NEWS WITHOUT FEAR OF REPRISAL. CPJ ENSURES THE FREE FLOW OF NEWS AND COMMENTARY BY TAKING ACTION WHEREVER JOURNALISTS ARE ATTACKED, IMPRISONED, KILLED, KIDNAPPED, THREATENED, CENSORED, OR HARASSED.

UNITED STATES

OBAMA AND THE PRESS - CPJ'S FIRST EVER IN-DEPTH REPORT ON THE U.S. - EXAMINES THE CHILLING EFFECT OF AGGRESSIVE LEAK INVESTIGATIONS AND WIDESPREAD SURVEILLANCE. (P. 15)

THE STRUGGLE FOR PRESS FREEDOM AS JOURNALISTS FACE CHALLENGES RANGING FROM LEGAL INTIMIDATION TO **CENSORSHIP TO PHYSICAL ASSAULT. (P. 9)**

EGYPT

OUR REPORT ON THE DIVIDE CHRONICLES

BRAZIL

11

13

15

31

32

A CPJ ADVOCACY MISSION DREW GOVERNMENT ATTENTION TO A WAVE OF DEADLY VIOLENCE AGAINST THE MEDIA AND PROVIDED MUCH NEEDED SUPPORT TO LOCAL JOURNALISTS AT RISK. (P. 5)

ANNUAL REPORT 2013 TABLE OF CONTENTS

AMERICAS PROGRAM: BRAZIL
ASIA PROGRAM: AFGHANISTAN
MIDDLE EAST & NORTH AFRICA PROGRAM: EGYPT
AFRICA PROGRAM: NIGERIA
EUROPE & CENTRAL ASIA PROGRAM: RUSSIA
INTERNET ADVOCACY
JOURNALIST ASSISTANCE
JOURNALISTS KILLED 1992-2013
CAMPAIGN AGAINST IMPUNITY
JOURNALIST SECURITY
INTERNATIONAL PRESS FREEDOM AWARDS
SUPPORTERS
FINANCIAL REPORT
CPJ BOARD AND STAFF

NIGERIA

CPJ REPORTS ON WORRYING TRENDS IN NIGERIA, WHICH ENTERED OUR ANNUAL **IMPUNITY INDEX OF COUNTRIES WITH THE** WORST RECORDS FOR PROSECUTING JOURNALIST MURDERS. (P. 11)

TANZANIA

CPJ IS WORKING TO EXPOSE THE INVISIBLE PLIGHT OF THE TANZANIAN PRESS, AS A SPIKE IN ATTACKS AGAINST JOURNALISTS UNDERMINES THE COUNTRY'S REPUTATION FOR TRANSPARENCY.

SYRIA

CPJ IS WORKING WITH PARTNERS TO IMPROVE AID TO SYRIAN JOURNALISTS AMID AN ESCALATING REFUGEE CRISIS. DOZENS OF JOURNALISTS HAVE FLED THE COUNTRY SINCE THE CONFLICT BEGAN. (P. 17)

IRAN

IRAN'S JOURNALISTS ARE IN CHAINS, DECLARED OUR REPORT ISSUED ON THE EVE OF THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION. CPJ IS CALLING FOR THE RELEASE OF ALL IMPRISONED JOURNALISTS.

AFGHANISTAN

A CPJ MISSION TO THE COUNTRY FOUND AFGHAN JOURNALISTS BANDING TOGETHER TO DEFEND THEIR RIGHTS IN THE FACE OF ONGOING THREATS, AND IN ANTICIPATION OF NEW DANGERS. (P. 7)

PAKISTAN

A REPORT ON THE ROOTS OF IMPUNITY INVESTIGATES WHY VIOLENCE AGAINST THE PRESS GOES UNPUNISHED IN ONE OF THE DEADLIEST COUNTRIES FOR JOURNALISTS.

CPJ HAS ITS HEADQUARTERS IN NEW YORK CITY AND CONTRIBUTORS IN: WASHINGTON D.C., SAN FRANCISCO, MEXICO CITY, BOGOTA, SÃO PAULO, ABUJA, NAIROBI, CAPE TOWN, LONDON, BRUSSELS, ISTANBUL, MOSCOW, BANGKOK, HONG KONG

COMMITTEE TO PROTECT JOURNALISTS ANNUAL REPORT 2013 3

RUSSIA

CPJ LAUNCHED A CAMPAIGN TO BRING INTERNATIONAL ATTENTION TO DETERIORATING PRESS FREEDOM CONDITIONS IN RUSSIA AHEAD OF THE 2014 SOCHI OLYMPICS. (P. 13)

CHINA

OUR REPORT ON THE SHIFTING DYNAMICS OF CENSORSHIP AND CONTROL JUMPED THE GREAT FIREWALL AND IS BEING CIRCULATED AMONG CHINESE JOURNALISTS AND INTELLECTUALS.

BURMA

A CPJ REPORT FINDS THAT BURMA FALTERS ON PRESS FREEDOM, DESPITE SIGNIFICANT STEPS TOWARD GREATER OPENNESS. WE ARE CALLING FOR THE REFORM OF RESTRICTIVE MEDIA LAWS.

VIOLENCE AGAINST JOURNALISTS SPIKES IN BRAZIL

Brazilian journalist Mauri König won international attention, including an award from CPJ, for his reporting on organized crime and corruption. Back home in the southern city of Curitiba, König's work won him powerful enemies among local police who were among those accused of wrongdoing. After receiving death threats, the journalist went into hiding with his wife and 3-year-old son, and called CPJ. We worked with IPYS, a Lima-based press group, to get König out of the country.

"I have always been convinced that journalism is an instrument that transforms people and realities," König wrote in an anguished blog for CPJ. "I went to the limit of my possibilities in search of the truth in which I believe."

König chose to return home, despite ongoing threats. In March, CPJ carried out a mission to Brazil to stand with König and other journalists at risk. Brazil is among the most dangerous countries in the Americas for journalists. Ten journalists have been killed over the past two years. Provincial journalists and bloggers face the greatest risks.

"I WENT TO THE LIMIT OF MY POSSIBILITIES IN SEARCH OF THE TRUTH IN WHICH I BELIEVE"

Our advocacy helped secure government pledges to protect press freedom at home and abroad. In meetings with CPJ, Brazilian officials pledged to support the embattled Inter-American human rights system and the UN action plan on impunity. This year, we welcomed a conviction in the 2010 murder of Brazilian radio journalist and blogger Francisco Gomes de Medeiros. We urged authorities to bring to justice all those responsible for the journalist's murder and address mounting violence against the press.

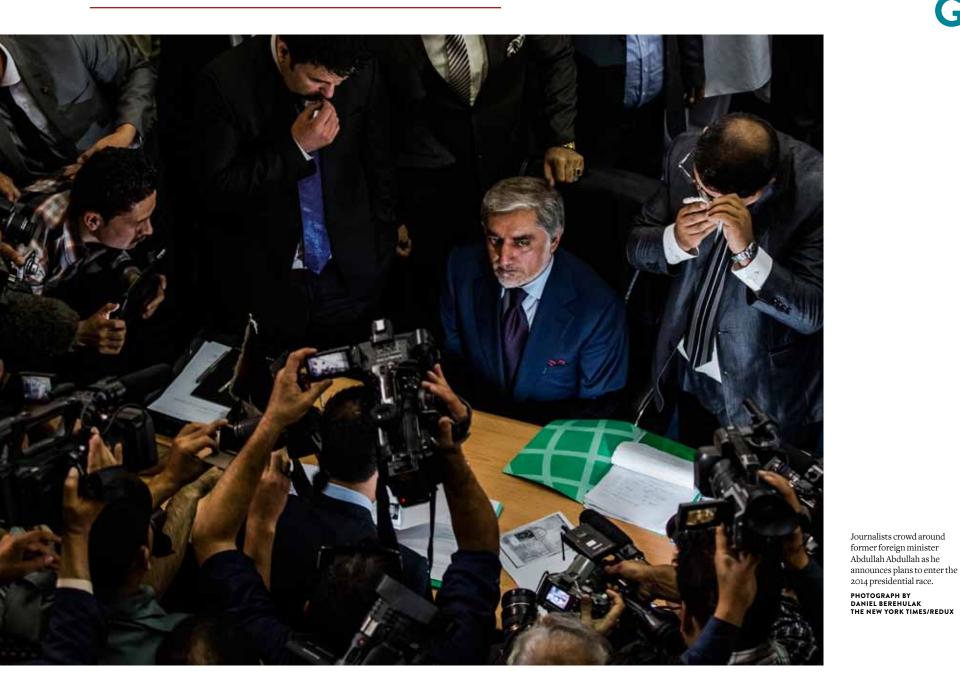
In June, CPJ documented the cases of 25 journalists attacked or detained amid massive protests that swept Brazil. Journalists were targeted by military police, as well as by protesters angered by media coverage. We called on all sides to respect the crucial role of journalists in covering events of tremendous public interest.

DTECT JOURNALISTS ANNUAL REPORT 2013 📋 🖞

Brazilians march through São Paulo amid massive nationwide demonstrations in June. The protests were sparked by bus and subway fare hikes, but evolved into a broader expression of discontent. Journalists were attacked by military police as well as by protesters.

> PHOTOGRAPH BY JOÃO PINA/REDUX

"THIS SOCIETY HAS GROWN ENOUGH NOT TO SEE ALL THESE GAINS VANISH OVERNIGHT"



AFGHAN JOURNALISTS STAND STRONG DESPITE GROWING THREATS

Afghanistan's booming news media are among the country's success stories—evidence of the social and political changes since the end of Taliban rule. However, Afghan journalists still face tremendous pressures from all sides, including the government, security forces, militant groups, and regional and ethnic powerbrokers.

The risks are likely to multiply during a volatile transition period, as the country prepares for nationa elections in April 2014 and the planned drawdown of most NATO troops by the end of that year. The international community is expect to scale down aid, including suppo for media and civil society.

CPJ traveled to Afghanistan in July to meet with local journalists and prepare for contingencies. We four that a number of journalists have already left the field, particularly women. Although permanent exile is a last resort, CPJ has assisted a limited number of journalists force to flee the country. We are seeking ensure that the U.S. grants Special Immigrant Visas to qualifie

Afghans who worked for U.S.

	media companies.
1	Many reporters said they were committed to stay, and local journalists are increasingly banding together to defend their rights. We welcomed the establishment of the Afghanistan Journalists Federation, an umbrella organization of nine media and free expression groups. During a visit to the AJF office
al	in Kabul, we met with journalist Abdolrahman Sakhizadeh, who was imprisoned on libel charges for exposing abuses in the High Office for Oversight and Anti-Corruption.
ted	Asked about his two weeks locked
rt	in a hot cell during Ramadan,
	Sakhizadeh replied simply, "prison is
T	prison." He planned to fight his case through the courts.
nd	Despite anxiety about the future, many journalists sounded cautiously
	optimistic. "This society has grown enough not to see all these gains vanish overnight," said Lotfullah
ed	Najafizada, head of current affairs
to	at Tolo TV, the country's largest independent broadcaster. "Some
ed	gains are irreversible."
	~

JOURNALISTS FIGHTING FOR FREE EXPRESSION IN EGYPT

CPJ has stood at the forefront of defending journalists in Egypt, where state repression combined with political volatility pose extraordinary challenges for a deeply divided press corps.

Hopes for press freedom in Egypt were high after the 2011 revolution led to an explosion of private media outlets and set the country on a path to a landmark presidential election. Since then, the media have been battered by an array of repressive tactics, from legal and physical intimidation under the short-lived presidency of Mohamed Morsi to the wide censorship of the new militarybacked government.

Morsi's failure to tolerate diverse views was among the missteps that led to his fall. A CPJ special report found that Morsi and his supporters used politicized regulations, ignored dissent to push through a repressive new constitution, pursued retaliatory criminal investigations, and employed rhetorical and physical intimidation of critics.

When the Egyptian military seized control on July 3, it promptly turned the tables. One of the regime's first acts was to take five pro-Morsi television stations

"FREEDOM OF SPEECH IS NOT A GIFT, IT'S **A BIRTHRIGHT**"

off the air in an effort to mute criticism. In the ensuing two months, CPJ reported on 67 cases of temporary detentions, assaults, and confiscations against journalists. As of September 1, Egyptian authorities were holding 10 journalists in custody—including six journalists from Al-Jazeera and its affiliates.

Nine journalists have been killed in the course of their reporting in Egypt since 2011. In September, CPJ launched an online petition drive calling for investigations into the deaths of all journalists killed during this period.

In November, CPJ gave its International Press Freedom Award to Egyptian satirist Bassem Youssef, a popular talk show host and newspaper columnist who takes on political conservatives and liberals alike. (See p. 27) "I will not tone down my criticism," Youssef told CPJ in an interview just days before Morsi's ouster. "Freedom of speech is not a gift, it's a birthright."







COMMITTEE TO PROTECT JOURNALISTS ANNUAL REPORT 2013 9

Youth protestors clash with Egyptian police on January 25, 2013, the second that toppled longtim oresident Hosni Mubarak alating protests pron

NIGERIAN MEDIA UNDER PRESSURE FROM ALL SIDES



The Nigerian media scene is vibrant. However, reporting on conflict, human rights abuses, and political corruption can be extraordinarily difficult. Government officials often use state security as a pretext for withholding information.

The country is one of the world's largest oil producers, yet more than half its people live in poverty. In April, CPJ condemned the government's ban on the documentary film, "Fueling Poverty," which was deemed a threat to national security. Media organizations have been sanctioned for criticizing the government.

Nigeria, which joined CPJ's Impunity Index for the first time, ranked 11th worst in the world in prosecuting journalist murders. Attacks on the press are perpetrated by security forces and officials, and members of the Islamist militant group Boko Haram.

Reporters who cover Boko Haram told CPJ they are being watched. "Most of us know that our phone lines are bugged by the security agencies," *Daily Trust* investigative editor Nuruddeen Abdallah told CPJ in an e-mail. "We are operating between the devil and the deep blue sea."

Young girls pass a house destroyed by explosives detonated by suspected members of the Islamic militant group Boko Haram. Violence intensified this year despite attempts by the military to crush the rebellion.

PHOTOGRAPH BY BENEDICTE KURZEN/NOOR/REDUX

"WE ARE OPERATING BETWEEN THE DEVIL AND THE DEEP BLUE SEA"

In April, the *Premium Times* reported on a secret government program to spy on Internet users. In September, the Nigerian Senate debated a bill for the "Interception, Development and Protection of Communications Networks and Facilities for Public Interest and Other Related Matters." Journalists worried that the bill would provide a legal basis for wider surveillance.

We are expanding outreach with the local press freedom movement, including bloggers and mobile media pioneers. In September, Information Minister Labaran Maku expressed the government's "utmost displeasure" with online media coverage. He criticized two news organizations, *Premium Times* and *SaharaReporters*, for publishing "online reports deliberately contrived to undermine military strategy, demoralize our troops, or even cause incitement to mutiny."

CPJ also covered a high-profile criminal case involving two journalists at the *Leadership* newspaper, Tony Amokeodo and Chibuzor Ukaibe. The case was launched in reprisal for their critical reporting on President Goodluck Jonathan's political plans. The journalists were charged on 11 counts that could put them in prison for life.

RUSSIA TIGHTENS REPRESSION AHEAD OF SOCHI GAMES

In the year since Vladimir Putin returned to the Russian presidency, independent media, civil society groups, and opposition activists have come under attack. A raft of new laws suppress dissent by limiting public assembly, criminalizing defamation, and authorizing state censorship of critical websites. Local human rights groups and independent watchdogs that receive funding from abroad are required to brand themselves as "foreign agents"—a term that in Russia connotes "spy."

CPJ launched a campaign to draw international attention to deteriorating press freedom conditions in Russia ahead of the 2014 Sochi Olympics. CPJ is stirring a debate over the role of human rights and the free exchange of information in granting and organizing a prestigious international event like the Olympics. Does the International Olympic Committee have an obligation to hold host governments to account for repression, censorship, and human rights abuses? Can host-city obligations to allow news media the freedom to report on the Games be met in an environment in

which journalists' physical safety is threatened or dissent is silenced?

In Russia, a crackdown on free expression and a strong anti-foreign climate threaten to collide with the Olympic goals of peace and mutual respect, and the guarantees of media freedom to report on the Games.

In August, CPJ and Human Rights Watch issued a joint letter addressed to the six presidential candidates of the International Olympics Committee to raise concerns about Russia's record and to ensure that future host countries fully comply with human rights principles enshrined in the Olympic Charter. The organizations received a response from IOC Director General Christophe De Kepper, who invited us to submit specific cases in which media are prevented from reporting freely during the Games.

In September, our Russia correspondent traveled to Sochi to investigate local press freedom conditions. CPJ will continue to monitor media restrictions closely, and look for every opportunity to hold Russia accountable for press freedom violations.

THE CRACKDOWN ON FREE EXPRESSION AND ANTI-FOREIGN CLIMATE COLLIDE WITH OLYMPIC GOALS OF PEACE AND MUTUAL RESPECT



Riot police face off with protestors in central Moscow on May 6, 2012, on the eve of the third inauguration of President Vladimir Putin. The rally was forcibly dispersed by police, and followed by a sustained crackdown on dissent.

PHOTOGRAPH BY /URI KOZYREV/NOOR/REDUX

UNCHECKED SURVEILLANCE BY THE U.S. THREATENS JOURNALISTS EVERYWHERE

FECTLY

"I WONDER HOW MANY HAVE TRULY **UNDERSTOOD THE ABSOLUTE THREAT TO JOURNALISM IMPLICIT IN THE IDEA OF TOTAL** SURVEILLANCE"

Government surveillance of electronic communications "should be regarded as a highly intrusive act that potentially interferes with the rights to freedom of expression and privacy and threatens the foundations of a democratic society," warned a United Nations report issued this spring. Following revelations of widespread digital surveillance led by the United States National Security Agency (NSA), these words seemed a prescient rebuke.

In June, The Guardian and The Washington *Post* began publishing a series of articles based on confidential information about U.S. communications surveillance programs provided by former NSA contractor Edward Snowden. CPJ joined an unprecedented coalition of leading Internet companies and civil liberties activists to press Washington to be more open about its massive surveillance programs.

COMMITTEE TO PROTECT JOURNALISTS ANNUAL REPORT 2013 | 15

In October, CPJ issued its first comprehensive report on press freedom conditions in the U.S.: "The Obama Administration and the Press: Leak investigations and surveillance in post-9/11 America." The report, written by Leonard Downie Jr., former executive editor of *The Washington Post*, documented the chilling effect of unchecked surveillance in the U.S. and abroad. CPJ issued a series of recommendations alongside the report and is pushing for reforms.

"I wonder how many have truly understood the absolute threat to journalism implicit in the idea of total surveillance," wrote Alan Rusbridger, editor of The Guardian and past winner of CPJ's Burton Benjamin Memorial Award for lifetime achievement in the cause of press freedom. "We are not there yet, but it may not be long before it will be impossible for journalists to have confidential sources."

In September, CPJ expressed alarm over reports by *Der Spiegel* that the NSA had hacked into the internal communications of the international news network Al-Jazeera.

CPJ is reaching out to journalists around the world to raise awareness about the critical importance of digital security, a major focus of our Journalist Security Guide (available at *cpj.org* in English, Spanish, French, Arabic, and Somali).

HELPING JOURNALISTS AT RISK, IN SYRIA AND BEYOND

PRESS

"I COULDN'T TELL THE TRUTH WHILE I WAS IN SYRIA"

Fuad Abdel Aziz worked as a reporter for the official Syrian news agency SANA when the uprising began in his hometown of Deraa in March 2011. He says he fell under suspicion almost immediately. SANA sent him to report from Deraa, but twisted his dispatches to suit the official narrative. "We were at the center of events, and at the center of the disinformation that the Syrian regime was providing to the Syrian people," Abdel Aziz said in an interview. "I couldn't tell the truth while I was in Syria."

Abdel Aziz was detained by intelligence agents, and later asked by security personnel to spy on behalf of the government. When he refused, officials threatened to arrest him or harm his family. Terrified, Abdel Aziz crossed into Jordan with his wife and five young children.

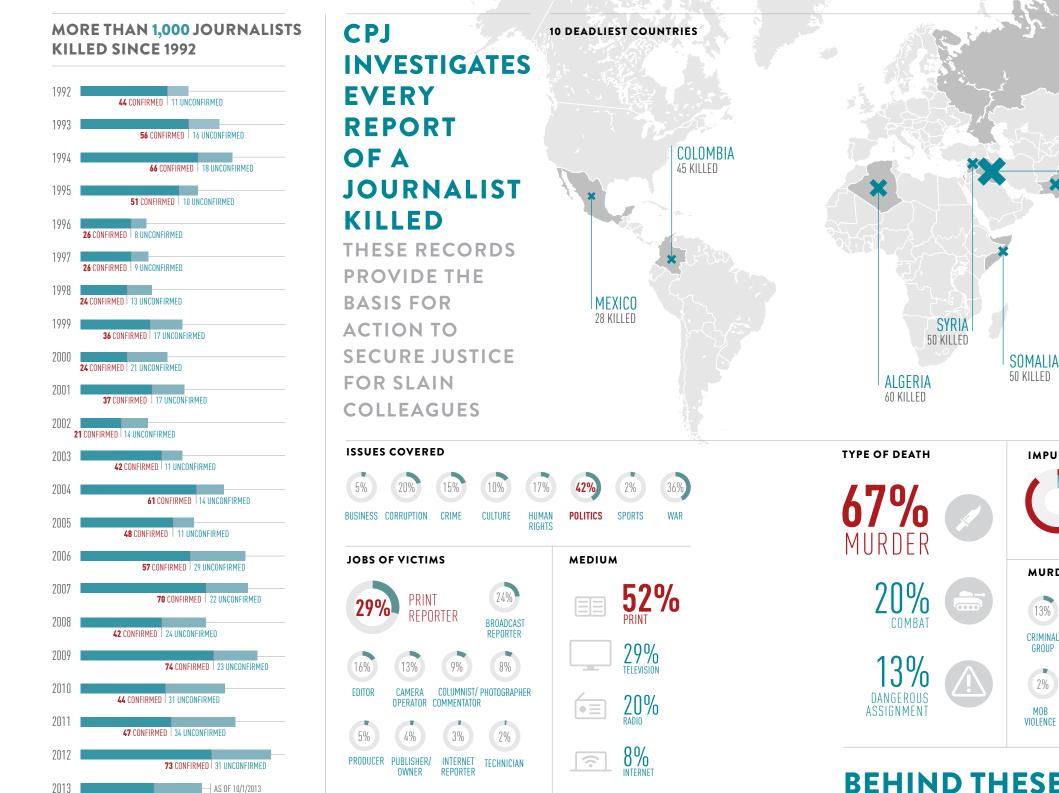
CPJ provided emergency aid to get Abdel Aziz to safety in France. We sent additional grants to pay for his family to join him there, and

Reuters cameraman Ayman al-Sahili was filming along the front line in Aleppo, Syria, when he was shot by a pro-government sniper on December 31, 2012. The dangers of reporting in Syria multiplied this year, with many local journalists killed, wounded, or forced into exile.

PHOTOGRAPH BY AHMED JADALLAH/REUTERS for urgent medical care for the

journalist's daughter.
CPJ created its Journalist
Assistance Program in 2001 to
provide help to journalists whose
needs could not be addressed by
advocacy alone. We offer a range
of support services, including
emergency grants, case advocacy,
and referrals to vital services. Since
the program was launched, CPJ
has offered direct aid to more than
1,000 journalists from 54 countries.
From Syria alone, more than 70
journalists have fled since the
conflict began—part of a much
larger refugee crisis. In September,
CPJ organized a summit meeting in
Istanbul to improve aid to Syrian
journalists at risk. CPJ is working
with partners to implement
proposed projects, including the
creation of a network to coordinate
emergency assistance; an online
resource center for Syrian
journalists and those covering the
conflict; and joint advocacy on
behalf of exiled journalists.

38 CONFIRMED 25 UNCONFIRMED



THESE INFOGRAPHICS ARE BASED ON CPJ DATA AS OF CPJ CONSIDERS A DEATH "CONFIRMED" ONLY IF WE ARE REASONABLY CERTAIN OCTOBER 1, 2013. STATISTICAL TOTALS MAY ADD UP TO THAT A JOURNALIST WAS KILLED BECAUSE OF HIS OR HER WORK. WHEN MORE THAN 100 PERCENT BECAUSE MORE THAN ONE CIRCUMSTANCES SURROUNDING A DEATH REMAIN UNCLEAR, CPJ CLASSIFIES CATEGORY APPLIES IN SOME CASES. THE CASE AS "UNCONFIRMED" AND CONTINUES TO INVESTIGATE

BEHIND THESE NUMBERS ARE COUNTLESS STORIES THAT MUST BE TOLD

88% COMPLETE IMPUNITY

7% PARTIAL JUSTICE

5% FULL JUSTICE

5%

MILITARY

19%

2%

PARAMILITARY POLITICAL UNKNOWN

GROUP

RESIDENTS OFFICIALS

IMPUNITY

13%

GROUP

2%

MOB

VIOLENCE

MURDER SUSPECTS

CRIMINAL GOVERNMENT LOCAL

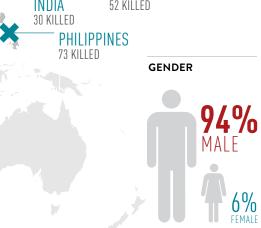
OFFICIALS

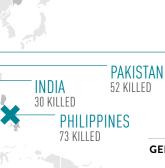
GROUP

THE VAST MAJORITY **OF VICTIMS ARE LOCAL REPORTERS COVERING ISSUES OF VITAL INTEREST TO** THEIR COMMUNITIES



LOCAL / INTERNATIONAL









RUSSIA

56 KILLED

SPEAKING OUT TO DEMAND JUSTICE FOR JOURNALISTS KILLED

Our Campaign Against Impunity is bringing the killers of journalists to justice. Working with partner groups, we have made the issue of impunity an international priority and spurred prosecutors to action in emblematic cases.

In a milestone toward justice, this January, a Kiev court convicted a former high-ranking Ukrainian police official in the 2000 murder of journalist Georgy Gongadze. The 31-year-old editor was the first online journalist worldwide to be murdered for his work.

In May, CPJ celebrated a partial victory for justice when the man who shot journalist Gerardo Ortega was sentenced to life imprisonment in the Philippines. CPJ reported on the case extensively and provided aid to the Ortega family. "Thank you for being with us in every development, every victory, every setback," Michaella Ortega, the journalist's daughter, wrote in a message to CPJ staff. "For not relenting in your support. For lending us your voices. We would never have gotten this far without you."

This year CPJ helped secure a major gain in Mexico, with passage of legislation giving the federal government jurisdiction over crimes against free expression.

CPJ played an instrumental role in persuading the United Nations to strengthen its response to the crisis. In 2012, the UN adopted a Plan of Action on the Safety of Journalists and the Issue of Impunity, which draws extensively on CPJ research. In 2013, we saw an unprecedented Security Council session on the protection of journalists. Nearly 50 member states participated in the July session, many of them citing CPJ reporting. Speakers included Kathleen Carroll, executive editor of The Associated Press and CPJ Vice Chair, and Mustafa Haji Abdinur, a correspondent for Agence France-Presse in Somalia and past winner of CPJ's International Press Freedom Award. Our ability to place issues on the international agenda has never been greater.

> Mourners gather at a memorial rally at Kiev's Independence Square in September to mark the 13th anniversary of the murder of Ukrainian journalist Georgy Gongadze. A former police officer was convicted in the case this year. However, other suspects remain at large. PHOTOGRAPH BY

"THANK YOU FOR BEING WITH US IN EVERY DEVELOPMENT, EVERY VICTORY, EVERY SETBACK"



JOURNALISTS FACE MOUNTING RISKS WHILE COVERING PROTESTS

Covering civil unrest is among the most dangerous assignments any reporter can take on. This year alone, CPJ documented more than 125 attacks on journalists covering protests-including assaults, obstruction, detention, raids, threats, censorship orders, and confiscation or destruction of equipment. From the streets of Brazil to Egypt to Turkey, journalists took on tremendous risks to bring eyewitness accounts of massive demonstrations and the often violent attempts to suppress them.

CPJ's Istanbul correspondent Özgür Öğret described the surreal atmosphere in his cosmopolitan city as police used tear gas and water cannons to break up the demonstrations.

"The demand and price of gas masks, protective eyewear, and helmets rocketed in Istanbul," he wrote for the CPJ blog. "Hardware store clerks were quick studies, explaining to journalists which masks offer you a better line of sight when taking pictures, and describing the problem of speaking through a mask when broadcasting live."

In Turkey, police were responsible for most of the attacks against journalists documented by CPJ, including numerous beatings and detentions. But angry protesters also attacked journalists whose reporting they perceived as supportive of the state. News vehicles were tagged with graffiti, pushed over, and in some cases destroyed by crowds.

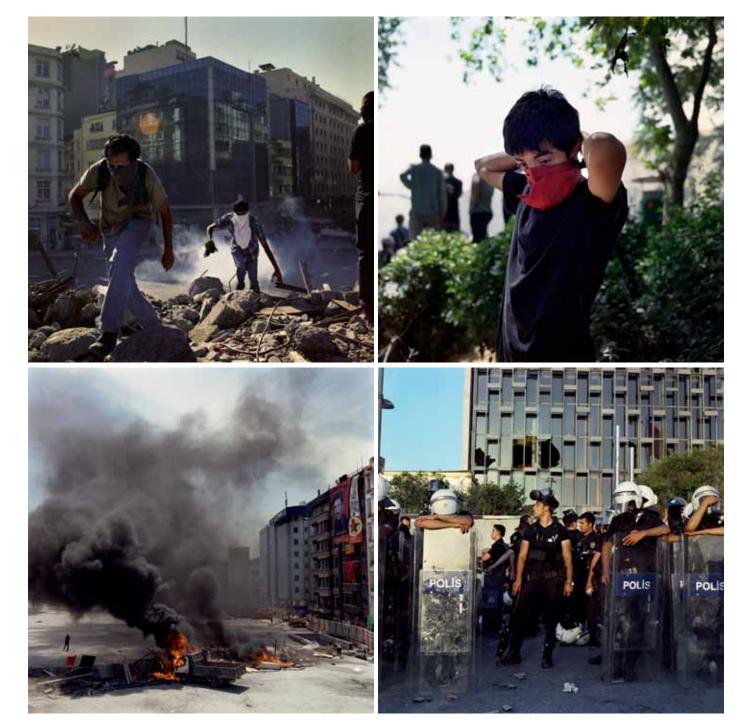




COMMITTEE TO PROTECT JOURNALISTS ANNUAL REPORT 2013 | 23

PHOTOGRAPHS BY IVOR PRICKETT / PANOS





CPJ'S JOURNALIST SECURITY GUIDE - available at *cpj.org* in English, French, Spanish, Arabic, and Somali - provides practical advice on how to stay safe while covering protests and other civil disturbances. CPJ is proud to honor these courageous journalists with the 2013 International Press Freedom Awards. They have pursued important stories in defiance of threats, assault, censorship, and imprisonment. Through their outstanding work, they are pushing the frontiers of press freedom.



NGUYEN VAN HAI VIETNAM

Hai was honored by CPJ in absentia, as he served out a long prison sentence for blogging about politically sensitive issues. He is widely known for his blog *Dieu Cay* (Peasant's Pipe), and as founder of the Free Journalists Club of Vietnam. Hai was first arrested in 2008 and later sentenced to two and a half years in prison on trumped-up charges. After completing his first prison term, he remained in detention while authorities investigated new anti-state charges related to his online journalism. In 2012, he was sentenced to 12 years in prison and five years of house arrest for "conducting propaganda" against the state. He has endured solitary confinement and waged a hunger strike. Family members report that Hai suffers from poor health and was barely recognizable during a prison visit this year.



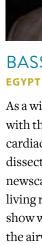
JANET HINOSTROZA **ECUADOR**

A leading television reporter and host in her native Ecuador, Hinostroza has investigated human and arms trafficking, police abuses, and extrajudicial killings. Her work made her a prime target in the government's ongoing assault on free expression. In 2012, Hinostroza was forced to take a leave of absence from her morning news program "La Mañana de 24 Horas," broadcast by the private Ecuadoran television channel Teleamazonas, following anonymous phone calls threatening her safety. She had recently investigated a scandal involving a businessman connected to a cousin of President Rafael Correa. Since 2011, Hinostroza's show had been frequently pre-empted to transmit official speeches and rebuttals, known as cadenas. This year, Correa requested that prosecutors investigate Teleamazonas for its alleged links to a 2010 police rebellion.



NEDIM ŞENER TURKEY

An investigative journalist and author of several books, Sener has won international accolades for his reporting. Yet he is accused of being a terrorist by his government, which alleges that Sener used his journalism to aid an anti-state plot. Sener was detained for a year, and granted conditional release in March 2012 to be tried without arrest. If convicted, he faces up to 15 years in prison under Turkey's deeply flawed anti-terror law. Turkey ranks among the world's leading jailers of journalists, according to CPJ research. Sener has faced down the threat of imprisonment before, when he was prosecuted in reprisal for his reporting on the murder of Turkish-Armenian journalist Hrant Dink. He was acquitted in June 2010, only to be imprisoned again on new charges less than a year later.





BASSEM YOUSSEF

As a window for free expression opened with the Egyptian revolution in 2011, cardiac surgeon Bassem Youssef began dissecting his society with a satirical newscast, "The B+ Show," produced in his living room and posted on YouTube. The show went viral, earning Youssef a spot on the airwaves as the host of "Al Bernameg" (The Program), now aired by Capital Broadcast Center (CBC). The show has more than 40 million viewers. Youssef has been adept at pushing the limits on freedom of speech in a volatile political environment. Earlier this year he faced charges of "insulting the president" and "reporting false news" for his scathing commentary and skits. Egyptians are famous for their sense of humor-their government officials less so.

Michael Milczarek

The Committee to Protect Journalists is extremely grateful to the individuals, corporations, and foundations whose generosity makes our work possible. We also extend our gratitude to the many contributors who supported CPJ with gifts under \$500, not listed here due to space limitations. This list includes donors who made gifts during the period from January 1 to December 31, 2012.

The Abernathy MacGregor Group Adessium Foundation Steve Adler Advance Publications Alcoa Andy Alexander & Beverly Jones Al-Jazeera Allen & Company Incorporated Franz & Marcia Allina Christiane Amanpour American Express Company Americas Business Council David Andelman & Pamela Title Andrews McMeel Publishing Argus Media Inc. / Petroleum Argus David Asman The Associated Press Mary Athridge Ken Auletta & Amanda Urban Charles Babcock Barclays Capital Barsky Family Foundation BBC Amanda Bennett Krishna Bharat Robin Bierstedt Mary Billard & Barry Cooper Molly C. Bingham Matthew Bishop The Blackstone Group The Morton K. & Jane Blaustein Foundation The Herb Block Foundation Jonathan Bloom Michael R. Bloomberg Bloomberg LP Louis D. Boccardi Jonathan Boies David & Mary McInnis Boies Boies, Schiller & Flexner David & Katherine Bradley Marcus W. Brauchli Bridgewood Fieldwater Foundation The Brin Wojcicki Foundation Louis & Karen Briskman Ernest & Ruth Brod Tom Brokaw Jeffrey Brown

Brunswick Group LLC Victoria Bumstead Andrew L. Butters Stephen A. Capus Carnegie Corporation of New York John & Lee Carroll Kathleen Carroll & Steve Twomey Central Valley Foundation Rajiv Chandrasekaran Adriana Chiarini Chris & Mary Christoff Howard Chua-Eoan Citi CNBC, Inc. CNN Sandra Coliver Mark Colodny Ronald & Roberta Columbus Community Counseling Service Co. Condé Nast Publications Inc. Ann K. Cooper & Larry Heinzerling Sheila Coronel The Correspondents Fund David Corvo Robert & Hannah Cox Euan Craik Credit Suisse Crowell & Moring LLP Antony Currie Debevoise & Plimpton Kevin J. Delaney & Lisbeth Shepherd Deloitte & Touche Katrina Dewey Patrick Dolan Jonathan R. Donnellan Dow Chemical Dow Jones Company Dow Jones Foundation Bill Duker Stanley Eisenberg Richard & Gail Elden Ben Elgin Stephen Engelberg Galienne Eriksen Joni Evans T. Robert & Geraldine Fabrikant Metz Elizabeth F. Farnsworth

Jeremy Feigelson Esther Fein Ken Feinberg Fidelity Charitable Gift Fund Financial Times Robert Flug The Ford Foundation Ford Motor Company Fox News Thomas L. Frank Max Frankel & Joyce Purnick James Frederick Josh Friedman & Carol Ash Jason Gale Stephen J. Geimann Paul Germain Getty Images Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher Foundation Robert & Nancy Giles Felix Gillette Richard Gingras Brooke Gladstone Daniel Golden The Goldhirsh Foundation Goldman Sachs & Co. James & Toni Goodale Google, Inc. Cheryl A. Gould Donald E. Graham The Green Street Foundation Greenberg Traurig, LLP Reto Gregori Brian Gruley The Guardian Jeffrey Gural The Marc Haas Foundation Larry Hackett Ian Hague Keith Hammonds Laurie Hays & Fen Montaigne HBO Drue Heinz Sharon Held Cherie Henderson & David Poppe Richard Hetherington Peter Heydon Les Hinton

Michael Hirschhorn & Jimena Martinez James F. Hoge HSBC North America Arianna Huffington Kathleen E. Hunt Gwen Ifill ILEAD The Inner Circle Shafqat Islam Steven & Barbara Isenberg Italian Foreign Press Association Janklow Foundation Kristin Jensen R. Larry Jinks Michael Jones JP Morgan Chase Stuart Karle Andrew Katell Alan Katz Kerby-Potter Fund Donald Kimelman KIND Bar Jonathan & Debbie Klein John S. & James L. Knight Foundation Reed Krakoff Jane Kramer & Vincent Crapanzano Mhamed Krichen The LaFetra Foundation Thomas & Carolyn Langfitt Family Foundation David & Esther Laventhol Sarah Le Sueur Stuart Leavenworth & Micaela Massimino Barbara Lehman The Leon Levy Foundation Simon & Theresa Li Martin Linsky & Lynn Staley Judson Linville Steve & Amy Lipin Jane K. Lombard John R. MacArthur Robert MacNeil Brian Maddox Madigan Family Foundation Benjamin Marks Kati Marton Camille Massey Marjorie Massing MasterCard The McClatchy Company David E. McCraw Amy McDonagh & Philip Kuntz The Melrose Fund Andy R. Metzger MGG Foundation Microsoft Corporation

Janice Min Calvin Mitchell The Leo Model Foundation Monocle Ann L. Morfogen Walt S. Mossberg N.S. Bienstock, Inc. Adi Naravan Victor & Anne Navasky NBC News Martha Nelson The New York Times Company The New Yorker Samuel I. Newhouse Foundation Newhouse Newspapers Craig Newman Newmark Grubb Knight Frank News Corporation The Nieman Foundation for Journalism at Harvard Joseph Nocera & Dawn Schneider Oak Foundation Jonathan W. Oatis Theodore B. Olson Open Society Foundations William A. Orme & Deborah Sontag Maureen A. Orth The Nicholas B. Ottaway Foundation The Overbrook Foundation David Pakman John Paton & Aurora Wallace Norman Pearlstine & Jane Boon Mahsa Pelosky Matt Perault Stone Phillips Robert S. Pirie Erwin & Silvia Potts John Powers Prudential Financial Pulsepoint, Inc. Dan & Jean Rather Rattner Family Foundation R. Bruce Rich RLM Finsbury Gene & Susan Roberts Lawrence Roberts & Nancy Walz Phil Robinson Royal Kennedy Rodgers David Rohde Auro Roselli Peter Rosenthal Joseph Rospars Richard M. Roth Gerard & Sandra M. Rowe Cristine Russell

Jonathan Salant Diane Sawyer William Schmidt Howard Schreier Najam M. Sethi Neal & Juju Shapiro Joan & James Shapiro Foundation Stephen Shepard Vernon Silver Joel Simon & Ingrid Abramovitch Randi Singer Harry Smith Susan Snyder Sony Corporation of America Foundation Oliver Staley The Starr Foundation Paul E. Steiger & Wendy Brandes Matthew Stover Straus & Boies, LLP The Street, Inc. Tampa Bay Times Paul & Karyn Krayer Tash Televisa Thomson Reuters Time Inc. Time Inc. Time to Give Back Campaign Time Warner Inc. Richard J. Tofel Seymour Topping Univision Lucas van Praag Tony van Vuuren Viacom Inc. Kenneth M. Vittor The Svetlana & Herbert M. Wachtell Foundation Richard C. Wald Peter Waldman The Washington Post Maria J. Wawer Weil, Gotshal & Manges John D. Weis Jacob Weisberg & Deborah Needleman David Westphal Sarah Wheaton Mark Whitaker & Alexis Gelber Brian Williams Matthew & Lisa Winkler Jonathan Wolman Minky Worden & Gordon Crovitz Abi Wright Laurence Zuckerman & Alice Gottesman Mortimer B. Zuckerman Anonymous (7)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2012

(with comparative totals for December 31, 2011)

ASSETS	12/31/12	12/31/11
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$ 1,244,919	\$ 1,705,173
CASH - RESTRICTED	-	86,343
PLEDGES RECEIVABLE, NET	2,124,034	3,083,393
PREPAID EXPENSES AND OTHER RECEIVABLE	22,324	28,943
INVESTMENTS	11,532,569	10,377,118
FIXED ASSETS (net of accumulated depreciation)	135,815	64,969
SECURITY DEPOSIT	81,567	81,567
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 15,141,228	\$15,427,506

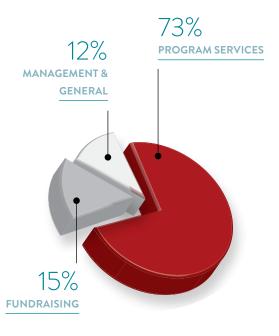
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS

LIABILITIES

ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED EXPENSES	\$ 400,964	\$ 180,454
DEFERRED RENT	275,733	294,638
TOTAL LIABILITIES	676,697	475,092
NET ASSETS		
UNRESTRICTED	678,940	627,577
TEMPORARILY RESTRICTED	4,285,591	4,824,837
PERMANENTLY RESTRICTED	9,500,000	9,500,000
TOTAL NET ASSETS	14,464,531	14,952,414
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ 15,141,228	\$ 15,427,506

Complete audited financial statements, including auditors' notes, are available at our website, cpj.org

NEARLY THREE-QUARTERS OF EVERY DOLLAR SPENT BY CPJ GOES DIRECTLY TO PROGRAM ACTIVITIES



STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

(with comparative totals for the year ended December 31, 2011)

	PROGRAM SERVICES	MANAGEMENT AND GENERAL	FUNDRAISING	TOTAL EXPENSES 12/31/12	TOTAL EXPENSES 12/31/11
SALARIES	\$ 1,419,619	\$ 214,626	\$ 293,121	\$ 1,927,366	\$ 1,804,029
PAYROLL TAXES & BENEFITS	329,709	34,273	70,618	434,600	398,633
PROFESSIONAL FEES	685,428	140,406	94,657	920,491	233,732
OCCUPANCY	286,306	10,472	60,613	357,391	347,147
TRAVEL	245,955	7,607	48,461	302,023	158,208
PROGRAM EXPENSES	-	-	-	-	664,916
GRANTS	122,674	-	-	122,674	-
BOARD EXPENSES	-	-	-	-	6,109
OFFICE SUPPLIES & MAINTENANCE	35,938	1,705	10,931	48,574	41,335
TELEPHONE & INTERNET	36,159	3,442	5,549	45,150	33,126
PUBLICATIONS, PRINTING & POSTAGE	54,996	104	30,759	85,859	43,314
INSURANCE	21,174	774	4,483	26,431	20,062
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION	21,847	2,682	4,625	29,154	11,393
INDIRECT BENEFIT EXPENSE	-	-	-	-	162,135
BAD DEBT EXPENSE	-	75,826	-	75,826	143,423
MISCELLANEOUS	24,550	24,067	47,550	96,167	18,528
TOTAL	\$ 3,284,355	\$ 515,984	\$ 671,367	\$ 4,471,706	\$ 4,086,090

COMMITTEE TO PROTECT JOURNALISTS BOARD

ANNE GARRELS

CHERYL GOULD

NBC NEWS

MEDIA GROUP

GETTY IMAGES

JANE KRAMER

THE NEW YORKER

MHAMED KRICHEN

DAVID LAVENTHOL

JAMES C. GOODALE

DEBEVOISE & PLIMPTON

ARIANNA HUFFINGTON

CHARLAYNE HUNTER-GAULT

AOL HUFFINGTON POST

JONATHAN KLEIN

CHAIRMAN SANDRA MIMS ROWE

VICE CHAIR KATHLEEN CARROLL THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

HONORARY CHAIRMAN TERRY ANDERSON

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR JOEL SIMON

DIRECTORS

STEPHEN J. ADLER THOMSON REUTERS

ANDREW ALEXANDER

FRANZ ALLINA

CHRISTIANE AMANPOUR ABC NEWS **CNN INTERNATIONAL**

JOHN S. CARROLL

RAJIV CHANDRASEKARAN THE WASHINGTON POST

SHEILA CORONEL COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY **GRADUATE SCHOOL OF JOURNALISM**

KATI MARTON

JOSH FRIEDMAN COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY **GRADUATE SCHOOL OF JOURNALISM**

LARA LOGAN **CBS NEWS** REBECCA MACKINNON

AL-JAZEERA

MICHAEL MASSING

GERALDINE FABRIKANT METZ

VICTOR NAVASKY THE NATION CLARENCE PAGE

CHICAGO TRIBUNE NORMAN PEARLSTINE TIME INC.

AHMED RASHID

GENE ROBERTS UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND PHILIP MERRILL COLLEGE **OF JOURNALISM**

MARÍA TERESA RONDEROS SEMANA.COM

DIANE SAWYER ABC NEWS

DAVID SCHLESINGER

PAUL C. TASH TAMPA BAY TIMES

JACOB WEISBERG THE SLATE GROUP

MARK WHITAKER BRIAN WILLIAMS

NBC NEWS

MATTHEW WINKLER THE NEW YORK TIMES BLOOMBERG NEWS

COMMITTEE TO PROTECT JOURNALISTS STAFF & CONTRIBUTORS

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR JOEL SIMON	INTERNET ADVOCACY COORDINATOR GEOFFREY KING	SENIOR AMERICAS PROGRAM COORDINATOR CARLOS LAURÍA
DEPUTY DIRECTOR ROBERT MAHONEY	SENIOR ADVISER JEAN-PAUL MARTHOZ	AMERICAS RESEARCH ASSO SARA RAFSKY
DIRECTOR OF DEVELOPMENT		
& OUTREACH JOHN WEIS	SENIOR ADVISER JOURNALIST SECURITY FRANK SMYTH	MEXICO REPRESENTATIVE MIKE O'CONNOR
DIRECTOR OF FINANCE & ADMINISTRATION SUF MARCOUX	PROGRAM COORDINATOR	ANDES CORRESPONDENT JOHN OTIS
SENIOR PROGRAM OFFICER	& IMPUNITY CAMPAIGN MARÍA SALAZAR-FERRO	BRAZIL CORRESPONDENT CLAUDIA DUARTE
KAVITA MENON		
SENIOR EDITOR ELANA BEISER	JOURNALIST ASSISTANCE ASSOCIATE NICOLE SCHILIT	ASIA PROGRAM COORDINA BOB DIETZ
DEPUTY EDITOR FOR NEWS SHAZDEH OMARI	IMPUNITY CAMPAIGN CONSULTANT ELISABETH WITCHEL	ASIA PROGRAM RESEARCH ASSOCIATE SUMIT GALHOTRA
DEPUTY EDITOR FOR INNOVATION KAMAL SINGH MASUTA	AFRICA PROGRAM COORDINATOR SUE VALENTINE	SENIOR SOUTHEAST ASIA REPRESENTATIVE SHAWN W. CRISPIN
ADVOCACY & COMMUNICATIONS OFFICER MAGNUS AG	AFRICA ADVOCACY COORDINATOR MOHAMED KEITA	EUROPE & CENTRAL ASIA PROGRAM COORDINATOR
	EAST AFRICA REPRESENTATIVE	NINA OGNIANOVA

COMMUNICATIONS ASSOCIATE SAMANTHA LIBBY

TOM RHODES

WEST AFRICA CORRESPONDENT PETER NKANGA

ROGRAM COORDINATOR CARLOS LAURÍA MERICAS RESEARCH ASSOCIATE ÖZGÜR ÖGRET

AEXICO REPRESENTATIVE **MIKE O'CONNOR**

CLAUDIA DUARTE SIA PROGRAM COORDINATOR

EUROPE & CENTRAL ASIA RESEARCH ASSOCIATE MUZAFFAR SULEYMANOV RUSSIA CORRESPONDENT ELENA MILASHINA TURKEY CORRESPONDENT

ADVISORY BOARD

STEVEN L. ISENBERG

CHARLES L. OVERBY

THE FREEDOM FORUM

JOHN SEIGENTHALER

FIRST AMENDMENT CENTER

THE FREEDOM FORUM

PAUL E. STEIGER

PROPUBLICA

DAVID MARASH

ERWIN POTTS

DAN RATHER

HDNET

TOM BROKAW

NBC NEWS

GWEN IFILL

PBS

MIDDLE EAST & NORTH AFRICA PROGRAM COORDINATOR

SHERIF MANSOUR MIDDLE EAST & NORTH AFRICA RESEARCH ASSOCIATE JASON STERN

MIDDLE EAST & NORTH AFRICA REPRESENTATIVE SHAIMAA ABULKHAIR

PROGRAM ADMINISTRATOR LIVIA RURARZ-HUYGENS

BUSINESS & ACCOUNTING MANAGER MARGARET ABAM-DEPASS

OFFICE ASSISTANT & TECHNOLOGY MANAGER MEHDI RAHMATI

DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANT & BOARD LIAISON KARLENE KING

STEIGER FELLOW DANIEL DEFRAIA CPJ would like to thank the following individuals and organizations for their generous in-kind contributions:

DANIEL BEREHULAK AHMED JADALLAH YURI KOZYREV **BENEDICTE KURZEN GÜRCAN ÖZTÜRK** SCOTT PETERSON KAI PFAFFENBACH JOÃO PINA IVOR PRICKETT **MOISES SAMAN** SERGEI SUPINSKY



REDUXPICTURES



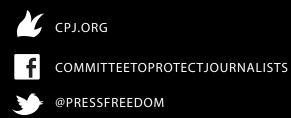
CPJ ANNUAL REPORT 2013 Executive Editor Kavita Menon Design Director Damiano Design

Photo Director Marion Durand Copy Editor Natalie Reitano

panos pictures 💭 REUTERS UNITED 💹 UNIVISION

DEBEVOISE Bloomberg & PLIMPTON

JOIN US IN DEFENDING JOURNALISTS WORLDWIDE



TO MAKE A GIFT TO CPJ OR TO FIND OUT ABOUT OTHER WAYS TO SUPPORT OUR WORK, PLEASE CONTACT US AT DEVELOPMENT@CPJ.ORG OR +1-212-300-9002.

> A photographer walks past Turkish riot police during clashes in Istanbul in September. Police fired tear gas and plastic bullets to disperse the crowds, while protesters used fireworks.

> > COVER PHOTOGRAPH BY GÜRCAN ÖZTÜRK/AFP/GETTY IMAGES